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Hacking Mobile Applications

Industry Case Studies

Introduction

- **About Me**

- Michael Gianarakis
- Senior Security Consultant at Securus Global
- Working in application security for six years
- Focus on mobile application security

About Securus Global

Provide information security assessment, advisory and assurance services including security strategy, security products, penetration testing, PCI DSS assessments and compliance audits.



Overview

Mobile platforms have presented many **opportunities** for businesses....



Overview

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BUT



Overview

Mobile platforms have presented many **opportunities** for businesses....

BUT

It's also created a lucrative **target** for hackers.



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Key Takeaways

Understand

Identify

Defend



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Key Takeaways

Understand

Identify

Defend



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Key Takeaways

Understand

Identify

Defend



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Before we get started....



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Understanding the Mobile Threat Model



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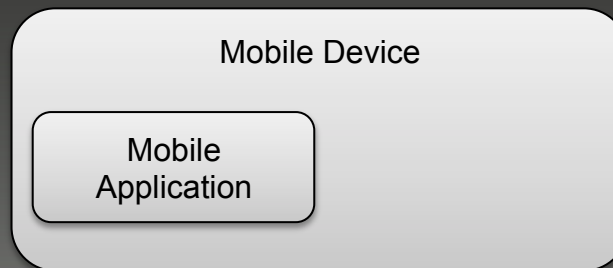
Mobile Threat Model

Mobile
Application



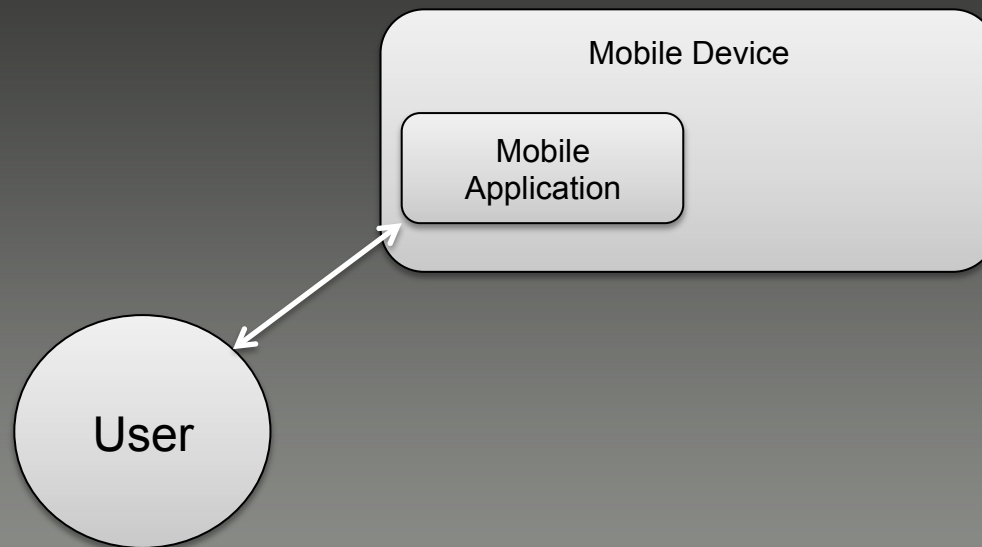
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Mobile Threat Model



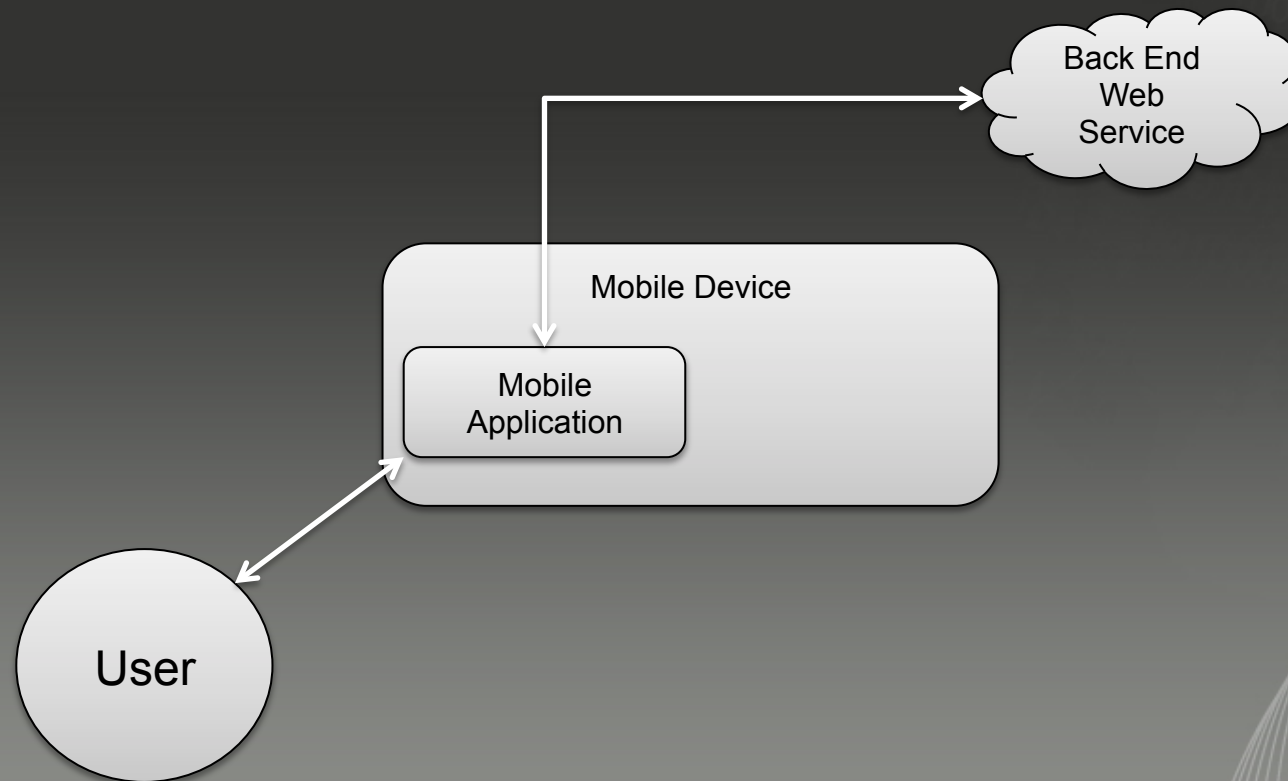


Mobile Threat Model

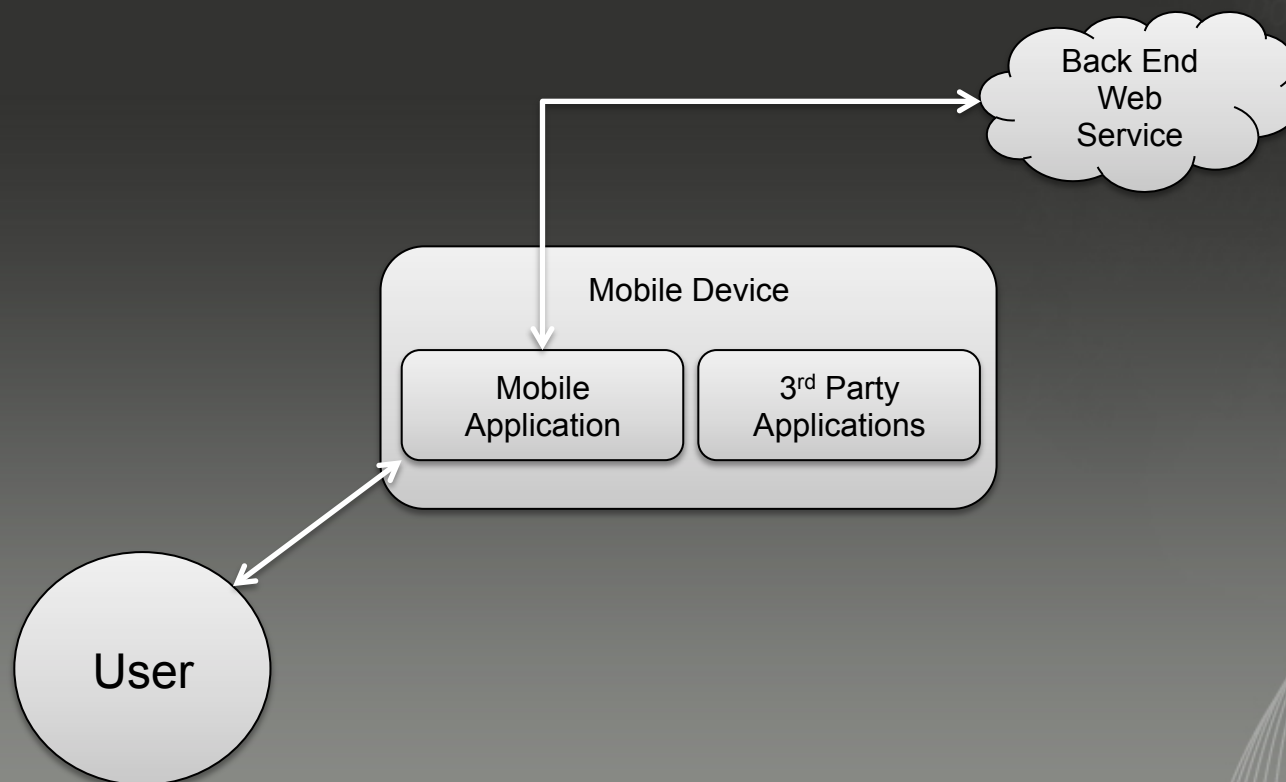




Mobile Threat Model

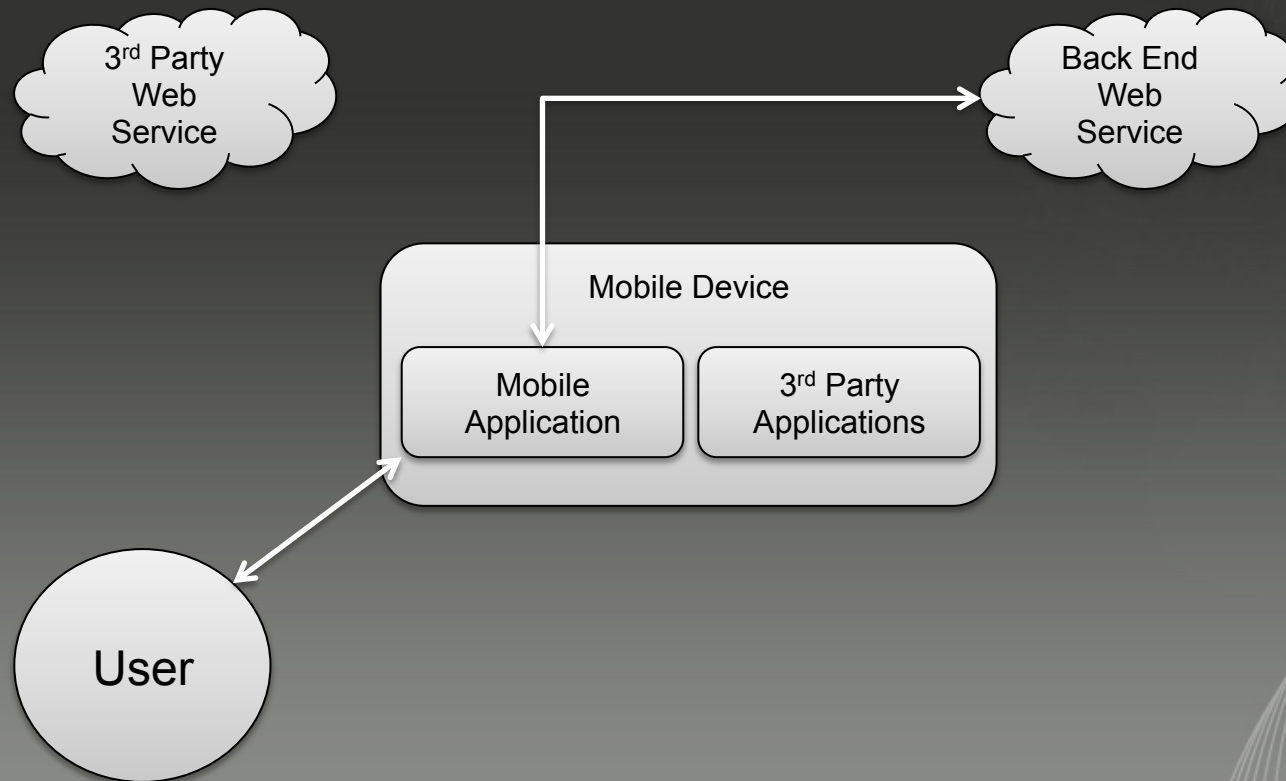


Mobile Threat Model





Mobile Threat Model



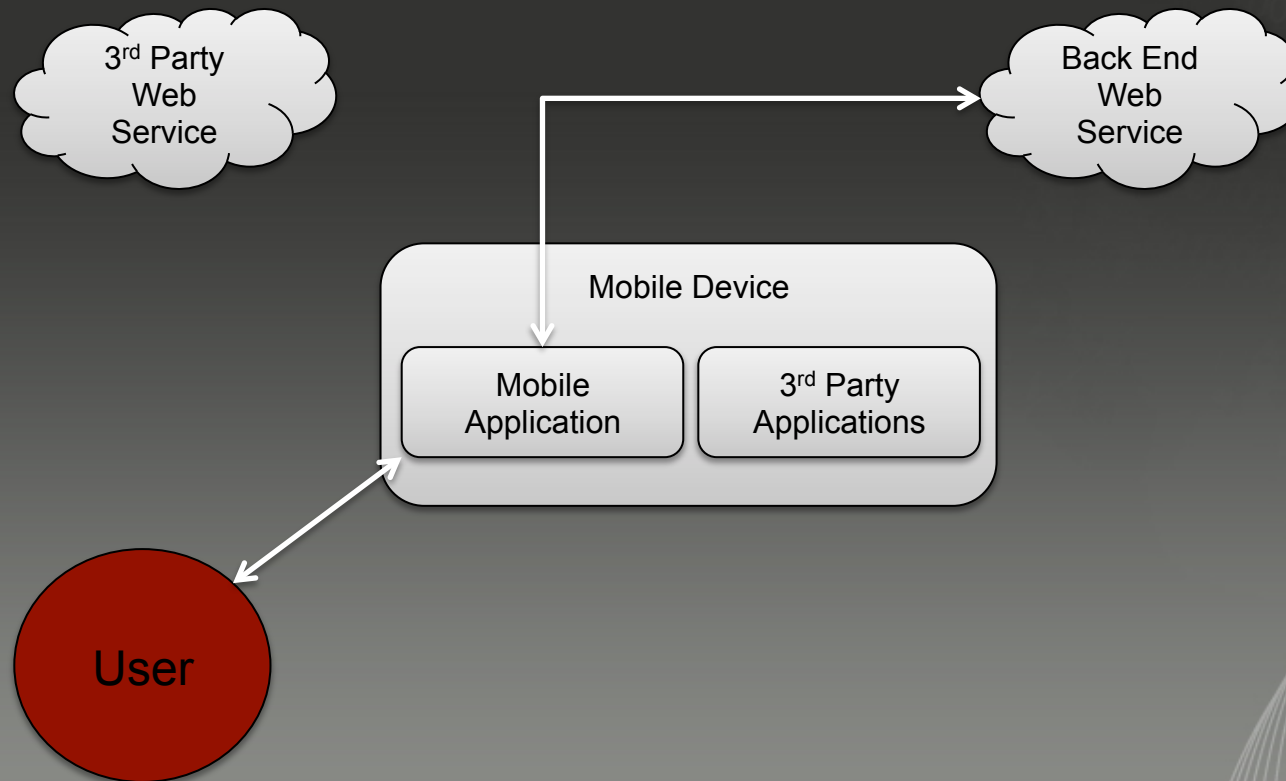


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So what are the threats....

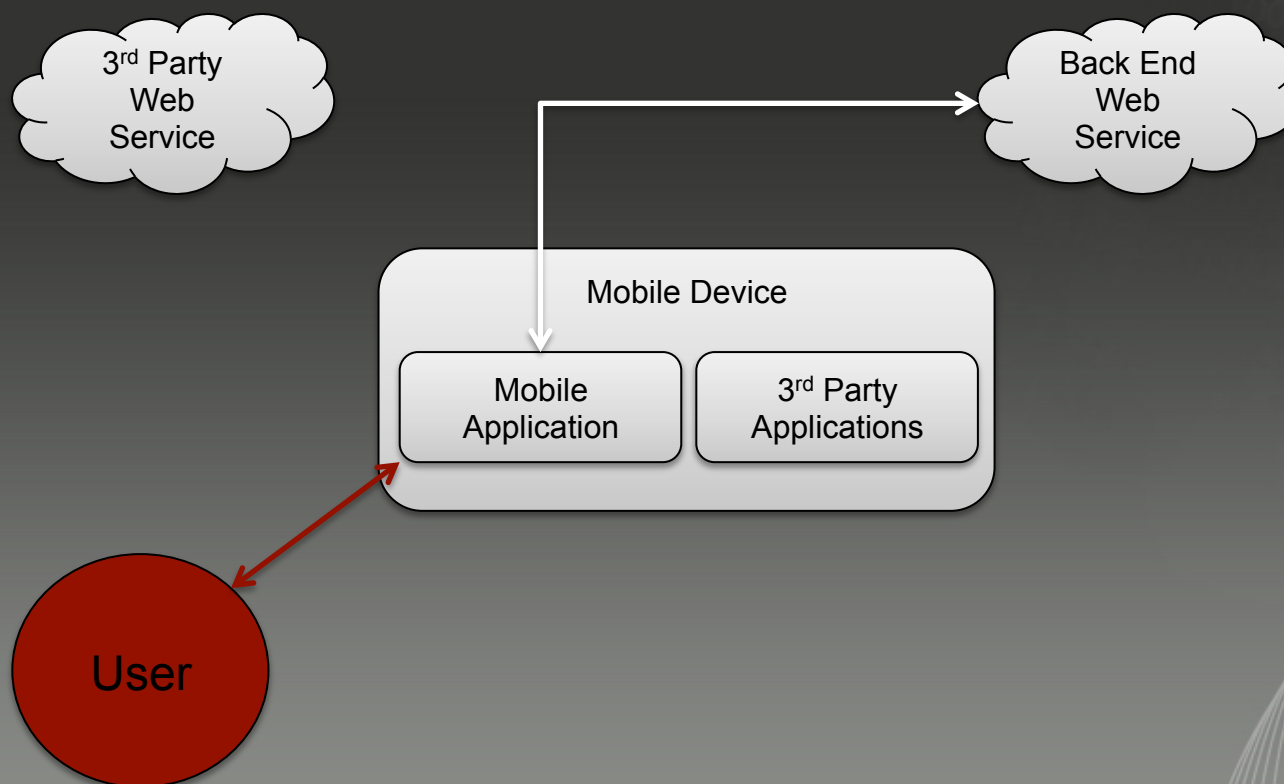


Mobile Threat Model



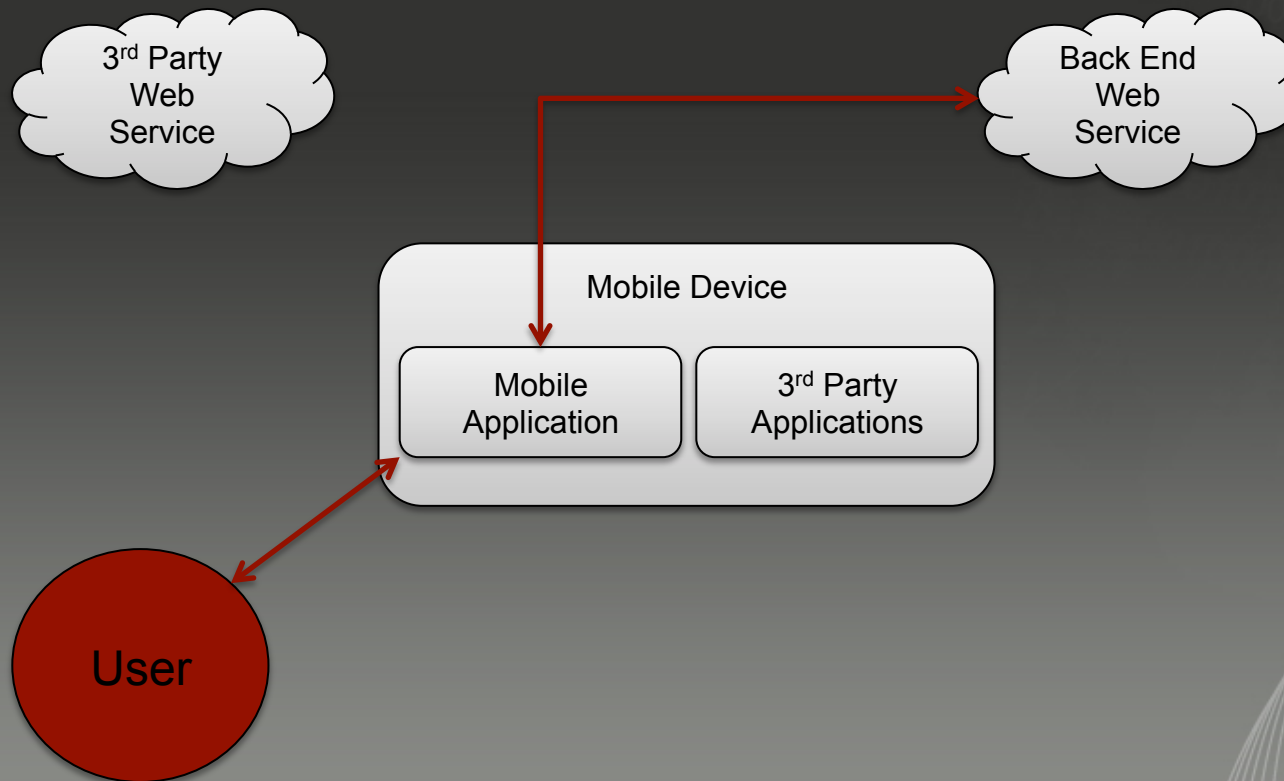


Mobile Threat Model



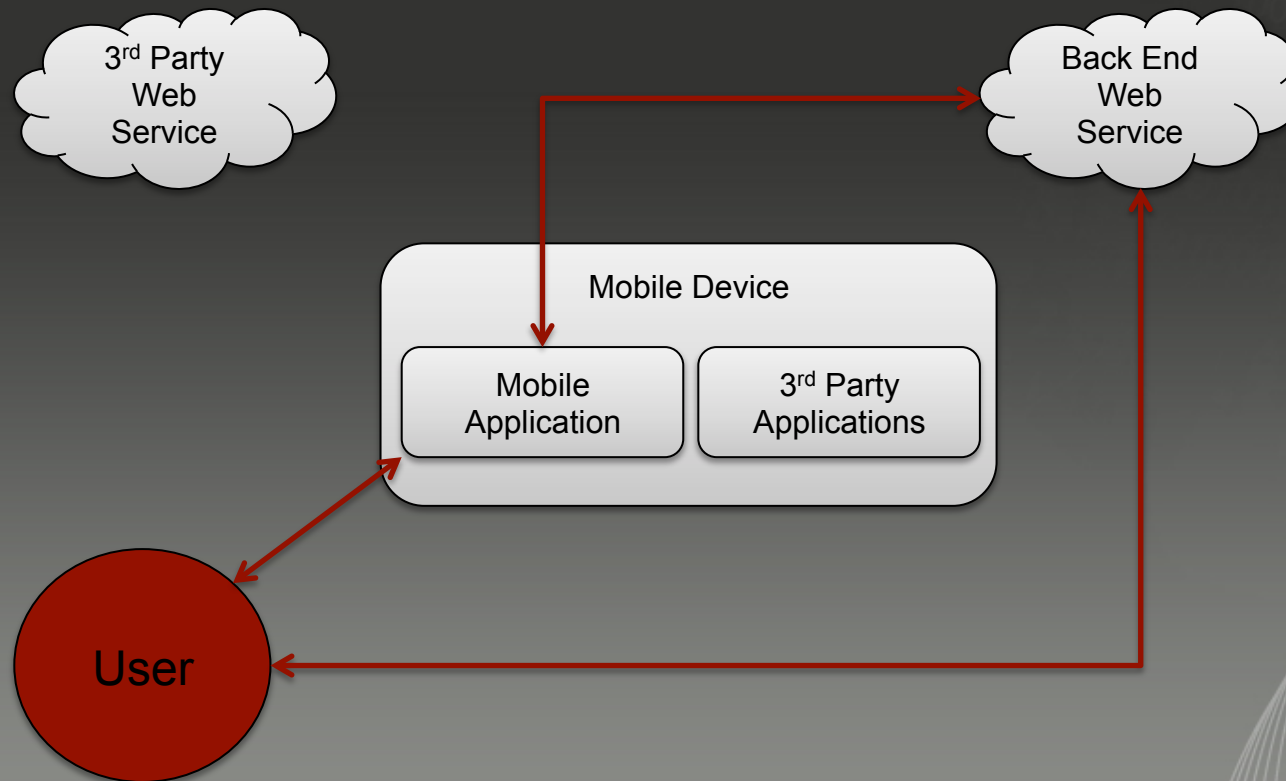


Mobile Threat Model



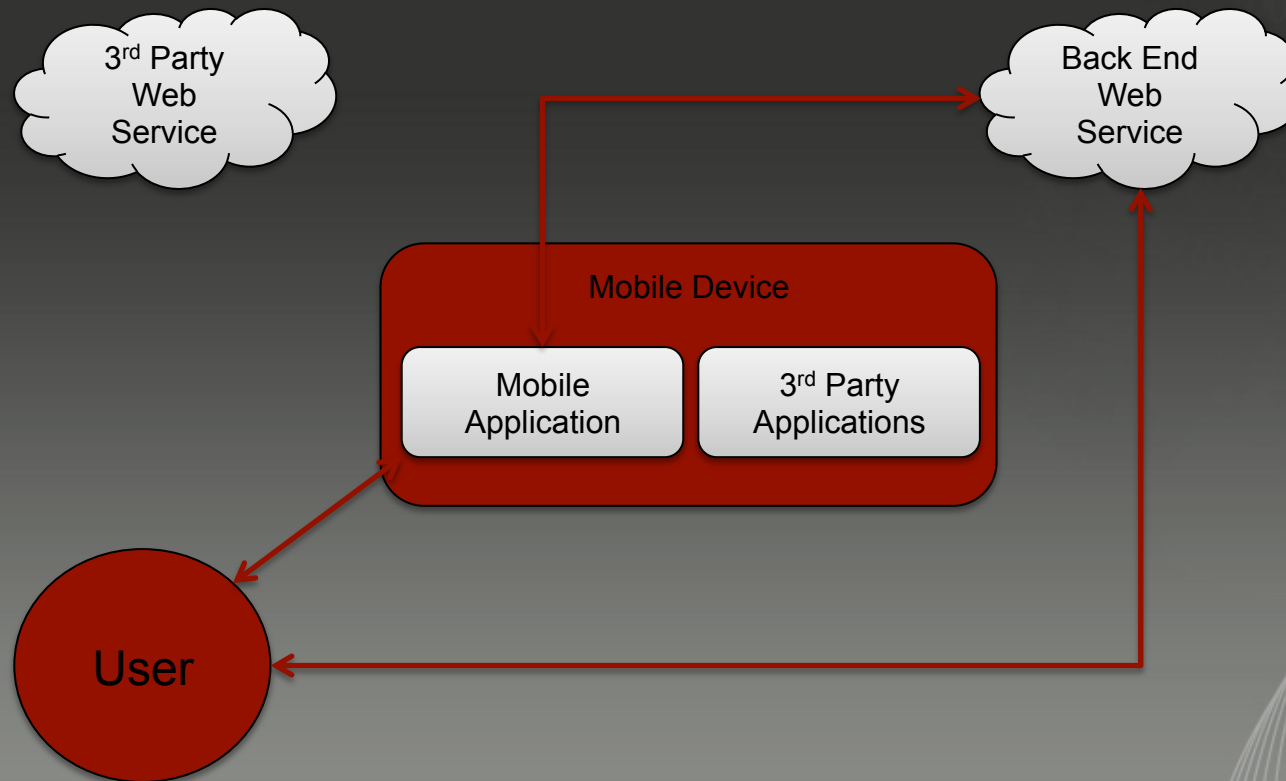


Mobile Threat Model



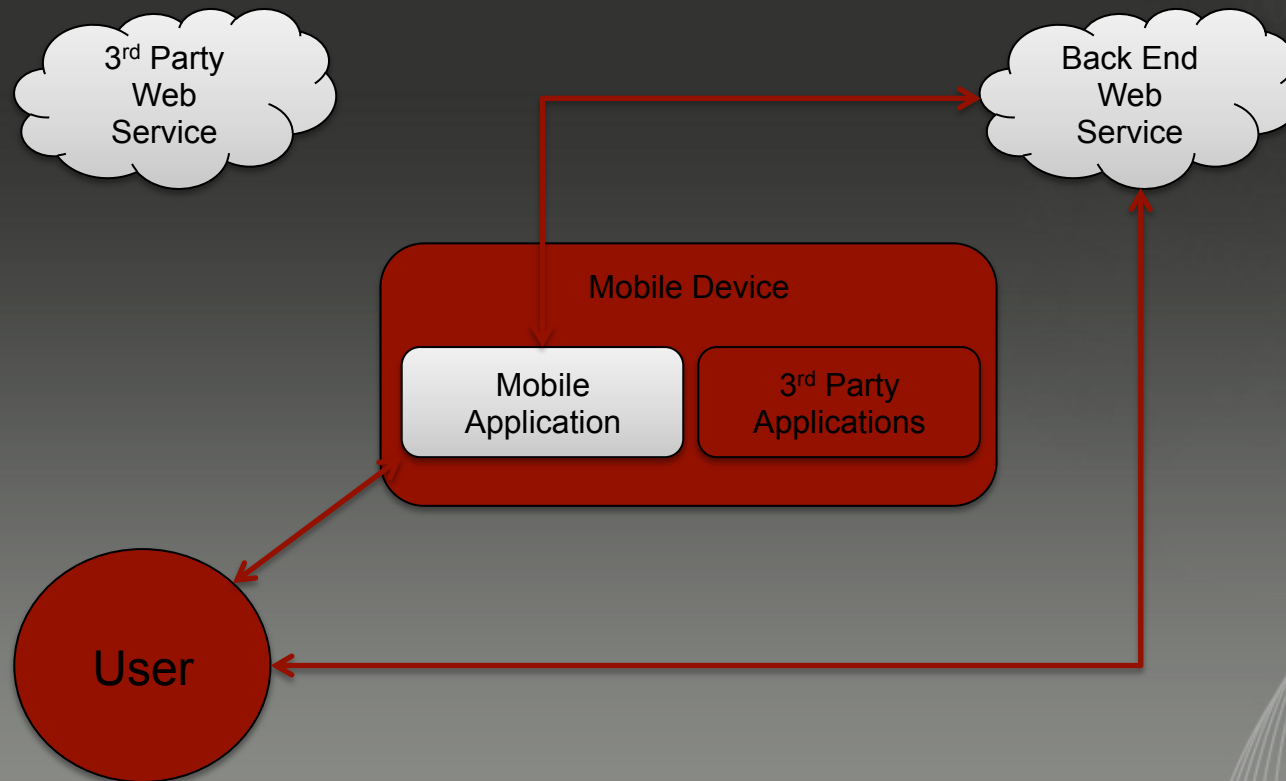


Mobile Threat Model



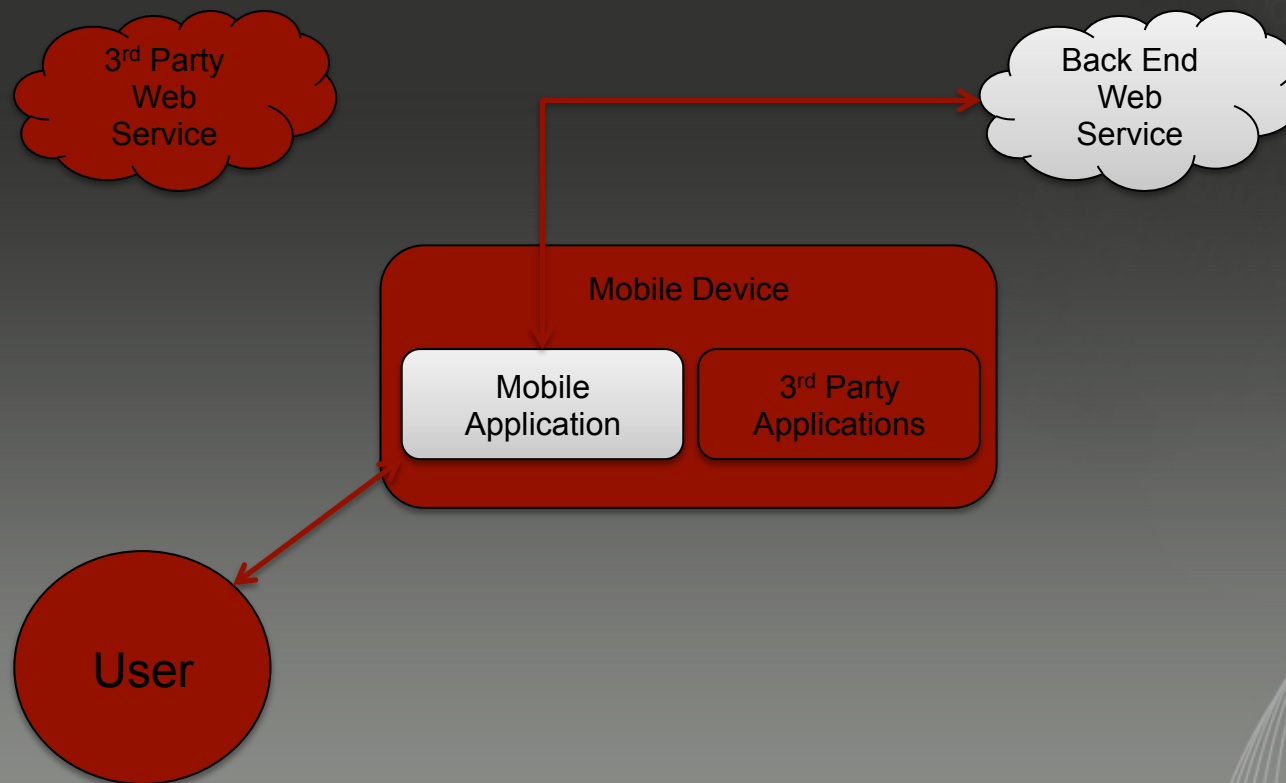


Mobile Threat Model





Mobile Threat Model



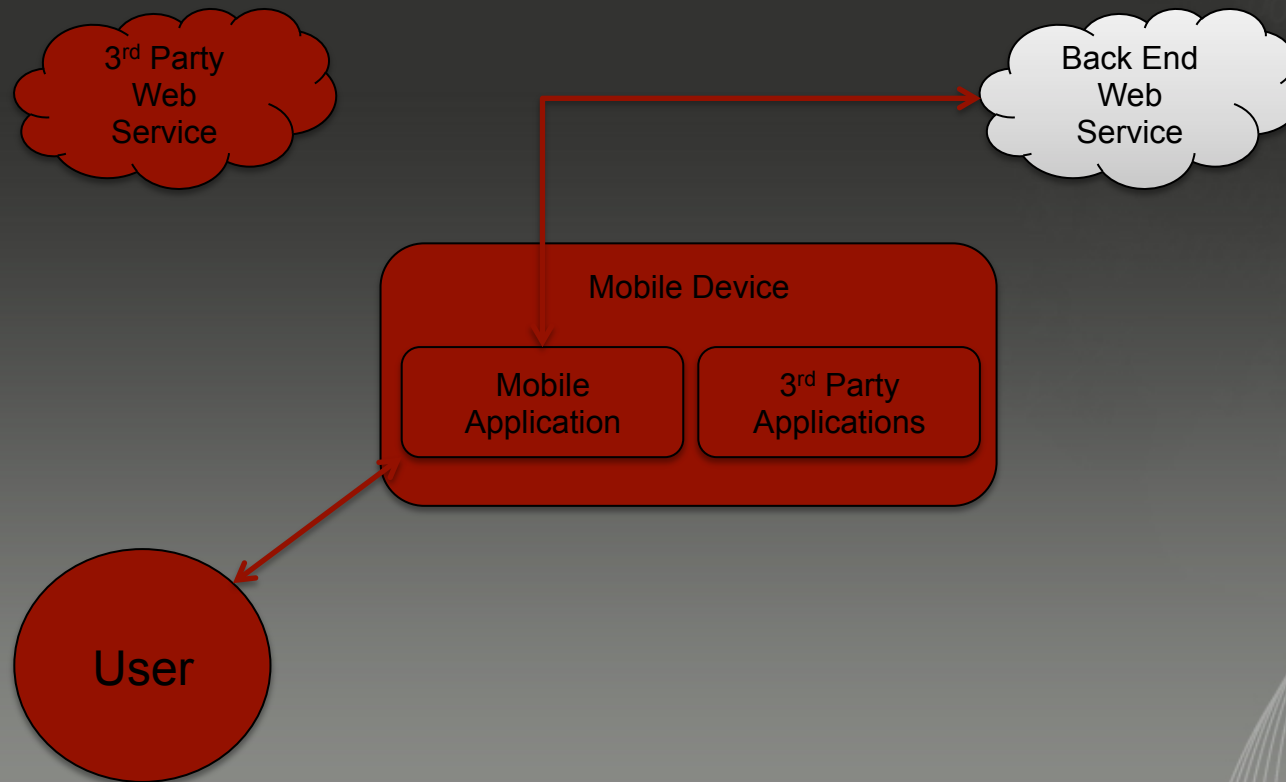


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That's a lot of red...



Mobile Threat Model





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Understanding the Risks

OWASP Mobile Top 10 Risks

M1 – Weak
Server Side
Controls

M2 – Insecure
Data Storage

M3 – Insufficient
Transport Layer
Protection

M4 –
Unintended
Data Leakage

M5 – Poor
Authorisation
and
Authentication

M6 – Broken
Cryptography

M7 – Client Side
Injection

M8 – Security
Decisions via
Untrusted Inputs

M9 – Improper
Session
Handling

M10 – Lack of
Binary
Protections

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In all of the mobile apps that we have tested for clients, these five risk are the most prevalent



This is surprisingly consistent across all of the apps that we have tested:

- Banking and trading applications
- Secure document reader applications
- Internal applications
- Commercial applications
- Brochureware



We can simplify these risks by grouping them into three core areas:

1. Data Security
2. Runtime Security
3. Transport Security



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Identifying the Vulnerabilities



Data Security

Improperly secured data stored on the mobile device is unfortunately very common.



Data Security

I have come across all kinds of sensitive information stored in clear text including:

- Usernames and passwords
- Encryption keys
- Personal information
- Location data



Data Security

There are two main types of data security issues:

1. Insecure data storage (M2)
2. Unintended data leakage (M4)



Data Security

Insecure data storage is when sensitive data is stored on the device that was not appropriately secured by the developer

Unintended data leakage typically occurs when sensitive information is stored automatically by the mobile operating system



Data Security

Sensitive data not appropriately secured by the developer includes:

- Unencrypted databases
- Storing sensitive information in preference files
- Encrypting the data but storing the encryption key in a clear text file
- Improper use of system stores such as the Keychain
- Logging sensitive information to the device logs

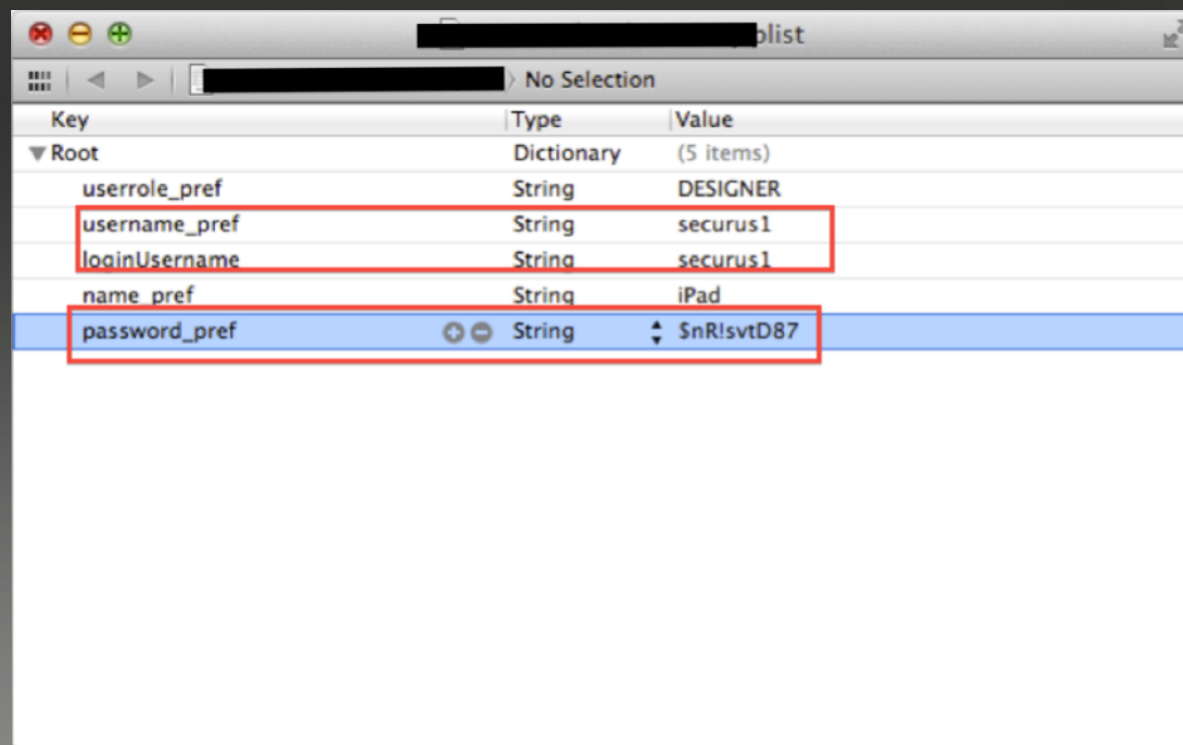


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Examples



Data Security



Key	Type	Value
▼ Root	Dictionary	(5 items)
userrole_pref	String	DESIGNER
username_pref	String	securus1
loginUsername	String	securus1
name_pref	String	iPad
password_pref	String	\$nR!svtD87

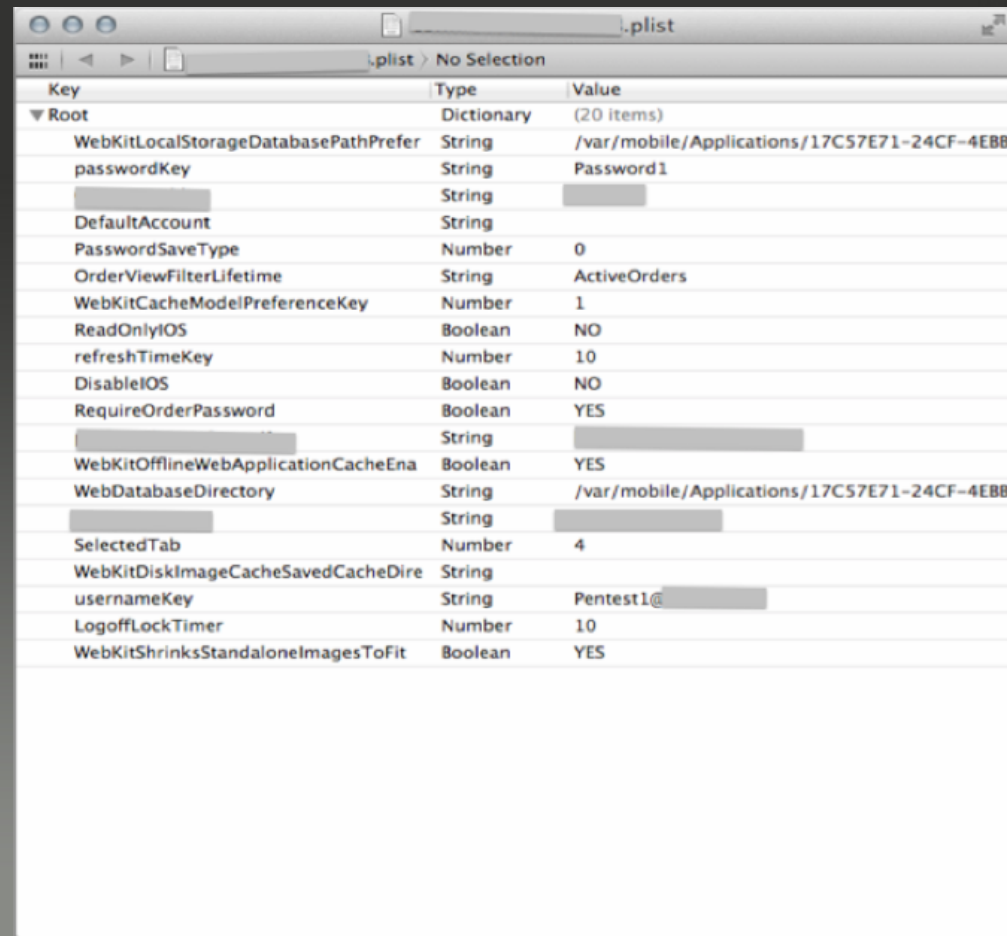


Data Security

Key	Type	value
PIN	String	1234
externalData	String	1
Username	String	test_
firstLaunch	String	FALSE



Data Security



The image shows a screenshot of an iOS plist file, likely from a jailbroken device. The file is named ".plist" and is located in the "/var/mobile/Applications/17C57E71-24CF-4EBB" directory. The plist contains 20 items, including various system preferences and security settings. Some values are redacted with grey boxes.

Key	Type	Value
Root	Dictionary	(20 items)
WebKitLocalStorageDatabasePathPrefer	String	/var/mobile/Applications/17C57E71-24CF-4EBB
passwordKey	String	Password1
[Redacted]	String	[Redacted]
DefaultAccount	String	
PasswordSaveType	Number	0
OrderViewFilterLifetime	String	ActiveOrders
WebKitCacheModelPreferenceKey	Number	1
ReadOnlyIOS	Boolean	NO
refreshTimeKey	Number	10
DisableIOS	Boolean	NO
RequireOrderPassword	Boolean	YES
[Redacted]	String	[Redacted]
WebKitOfflineWebApplicationCacheEna	Boolean	YES
WebDatabaseDirectory	String	/var/mobile/Applications/17C57E71-24CF-4EBB
[Redacted]	String	[Redacted]
SelectedTab	Number	4
WebKitDiskImageCacheSavedCacheDire	String	
usernameKey	String	Pentest1@[Redacted]
LogoffLockTimer	Number	10
WebKitShrinksStandaloneImagesToFit	Boolean	YES



Data Security

```
Service/ServiceContracts/2009/08"><SOAP-
ENV:Body><ns1:Process><ns1:request
xsi:type="ns11:LoginRequestV4">
<ns2:SessionID
xsi:type="xsd:string">25451d7140894f4fa72
ee29ece0cf30f</ns2:SessionID>
<ns2:RequestID
xsi:type="xsd:string">1376286253</ns2:Req
uestID><ns2:AdditionalData
xsi:type="ns2:ArrayOfNameValuePair">
<ns2:NameValuePair
xsi:type="ns2:NameValuePair"><ns2:Name
xsi:type="xsd:string">DeviceUDID</ns2:Name>
<ns2:Value xsi:type="xsd:string">69D29AA2-
F3B0-4D43-83B4-04EF72B0D593</ns2:Value>
</ns2:NameValuePair></ns2:AdditionalData>
<ns2:Password
xsi:type="xsd:string">1185</ns2:Password>
<ns2:TimeZone
```

No SIM 4:22 PM

pinviewController

Refresh

PINViewController.m:1183
keyPadPressed(<UIRoundedRectButton:
0x1e91ca40; frame = (0 0; 107 68); opaque =
NO; layer = <CALayer: 0x1e91cc80>>)

Mon Aug 12 16:08:30 [REDACTED] 3268] <Warning>:
PINViewController.m:1232 digit is (1)

Mon Aug 12 16:08:30 [REDACTED] 3268] <Warning>:
PINViewController.m:1183
keyPadPressed(<UIRoundedRectButton:
0x1e91ca40; frame = (0 0; 107 68); opaque =
NO; layer = <CALayer: 0x1e91cc80>>)

Mon Aug 12 16:08:30 [REDACTED] 3268] <Warning>:
PINViewController.m:1232 digit is (1)

Mon Aug 12 16:08:31 [REDACTED] 3268] <Warning>:
PINViewController.m:1183
keyPadPressed(<UIRoundedRectButton:
0x1e91ca40; frame = (0 0; 107 68); opaque =
NO; layer = <CALayer: 0x1e91cc80>>)



Data Security

```
7:15:41 AM [REDACTED]:Production:  
  authentication url:https://[REDACTED]/rest/v1/AuthenticationService/authenticate?authToken=pass1234&userI  
  dentifierType=EMAIL&userIdentifier=test_[REDACTED]
```

```
▼ 7:15:41 AM [REDACTED]:Production:  
  Attempting to authenticate with HTTPBasic with username:test_[REDACTED] and password:pass1234  
7:15:42 AM securityd: CEREadStream domain: 4 error: -3
```




Data Security

Sensitive data stored by the mobile operating system includes:

- Background screenshots (iOS)
- Caches including browser caches and autocorrect
- System pasteboard



Data Security

Unfortunately developers do not often realise that the mobile operating system is storing this information



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Examples



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Data Security

New Sale **Logout**

Cardholder	M Gianarakis
Card Type	Mastercard >
Card No.	1234 5678 9012 3456
Expiry	02-14 >
CVC/CVV	225 ⓘ
\$ Amount	\$444,444.00
Message	Sensitive information

Continue

New Sale Transactions Preferences



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Data Security

iPad 2:03 AM 32%

Tables cfurl_cache_response

storage_policy	request_key	time_stamp
0	https://[redacted].com.au/E2ee/PreAuthenticateuserName=Pentest1%40[redacted]	2013-03-17 2
0	https://[redacted].com.au/LogOnPassword=Password1&SubmitAction=Ok&UserName=Pentest1%40[redacted]&Server=	2013-03-17 2
0	https://[redacted].com.au/Asset/ConfigSettings/?JSON=1&src=iPadApp&ClientVersion=7.0Command=Request	2013-03-17 2
0	https://[redacted].com.au/	2013-03-17 2



Runtime Security

On mobile devices the execution environment is not controlled by us.

Once the security of this environment is compromised, either through malware and remote exploits or intentionally through jailbreaking or rooting, all bets are off.



Runtime Security

Attackers can modify an application's behaviour at runtime allowing them to completely modify how the application is run.

It is possible create and call ad hoc methods as well as create ad hoc classes and methods on the fly.



Runtime Security

These properties allows attackers to manipulate and abuse the runtime of the application.

Typically you can manipulate the runtime to bypass security locks, break logic checks, escalate privilege or steal information from memory.



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Examples



Runtime Security

```
iPhone:~ root# ps aux | grep [REDACTED]
mobile 2722 2.2 29.6 555048 153188 ?? Ss 3:05PM 0:17.06 /var/mobile/Applications/188E2BF8-81B5-4781-98B9-AAA92932B0
6E/[REDACTED]
root 2732 0.0 0.0 273928 0 s003 R+ 3:11PM 0:00.00 grep [REDACTED]
iPhone:~ root# cyscript -p 2722
cy# UIApp.delegate.logonPIN
@"2580"
cy# UIApp.delegate.deviceToken
@"jdTbSh6l8Y"
cy# UIApp.delegate.AESKey
@"<58b3cffb 73e24bcf ae9310d8 8dc239a6 c11f460a ecae45ce b540a3cc 3e647b5f>"
cy# UIApp.delegate.mobileNumber
@"0432384204"
cy# UIApp.delegate.customerName
@"[REDACTED]"
cy# [AccountCache sharedInstance]
@"<AccountCache: 0x1e94cd20>"
cy# accountTest = new Instance(0x1e94cd20)
@"<AccountCache: 0x1e94cd20>"
cy# accountTest.accountList
cy# accountTest.primaryAccount
null
cy# *account_test
{isa:0x[REDACTED] account",alerts:null,usage:0x"111110",permissionBitMask:327743,accountName:0x"[REDACTED]",displayAccountName:0x"[REDACTED]",
accountNumber:0x"[REDACTED]-451732569",displayAccountNumber:0x"[REDACTED]-451732569",accountType:0x"[REDACTED]",defaultBalance:0x"<Money: 0x1d972d30>",otherBa
lance:0x"<Money: 0x1d972f50>",everydayAccount:0,creditCardAccount:0,validity:0,accountUserProperty:0x"<AccountUserProperty: 0x1d972d00>",subA
ccountType:0x"13",originalDisplayAccountName:null,preferredAccount:1}
```



Runtime Security

```
→ _Securus ssh -p 2222 root@127.0.0.1
root@127.0.0.1's password:
lPhonetest:~ root# ps aux | grep [REDACTED]
mobile 2736 0.0 15.1 448296 78336 ?? Ss 2:42PM 0:23.44 /var/mobile/Applications/9383A69D-
-8D94-4BCC-9C7C-BF655A5EB020/[REDACTED]
root 2875 0.0 0.0 273928 0 s000 R+ 3:23PM 0:00.00 grep [REDACTED]
lPhonetest:~ root# cycript -p 2736
cy# UIApp.keyWindow.rootViewController.childModalViewController.pinInputView
0"<[REDACTED]PinInputView: 0x202bf4e0; frame = (0 88; 320 372); autoresize = LM+RM; layer = <CALayer: 0x202f9
420>>"
cy# var pin_input_vlew = new Instance(0x202bf4e0)
0"<[REDACTED]PinInputView: 0x202bf4e0; frame = (0 88; 320 372); autoresize = LM+RM; layer = <CALayer: 0x202f9
420>>"
cy# pin_input_vlew.currentPin
0"2580"
cy# [REDACTED].cryptoHelper.sharedSecretKey
0"MIIBPAAI8AAJBAL+/xqLTlwY0WYa0BAJBogzfz/tlw4nsnJ+hyfnxu+omvw7/JRxxZZ0t7cTLRY4q06D5A8znPZDNPdLbDcZwECAw
EAAQJBAKY37V0c61eal7ztAqAVE6u1MGrPX7GckfsUMB8q+VwHu1Y/E/TnQntRqH0PwP9qxAS8M0CFngSYohLbd5VIPjh0CIQDgyKZzqn
/gIBLNTAKvh8N0ET1tInoGQ7mDQyMFpNc4qwiHAnpgs5HntxeK1ZglJ3kft00bdVd+zKQwkPbkazc8nLcDALEAya/fgfrLoAccEMn5wu
tqtvpLBkgRn6tWocs0kU0LMN8CIHVTaubeN3wUgREN0HvgkGtYOEDbxQJpfVJH+7pbLbkVALEAmr//w2Yna1UggcRMuLRRNRu2mo8z10
p98gQ56k8gnsk="
cy# [REDACTED].sessionData.sharedInstance
0"<[REDACTED]SessionData: 0x201605d0>"
cy# function ivars(a){ var x=[]; for(l in *a){ try{ x[l] = (*a)[l]; } catch(e){} } return x; }
cy# session_data = new Instance(0x201605d0)
0"<[REDACTED]SessionData: 0x201605d0>"
cy# ivars(session_data)
[isa:0"[REDACTED]SessionData",_existingPin:null,_numberOfLoginAttemptsRemaining:0,_delegate:null,_reSendActiv
ationCodeSMSAfterFailedAttempts:0,_reSendActivationCodeWhenRequested:0,_isRegistered:0,_registeredDevice
s:null,_pin:null,_accountHolder:0"<[REDACTED]AccountHolder: 0x2013f5b0>"}
cy# ivars(session_data.accountHolder)
[isa:0"[REDACTED]AccountHolder",_mobilePhoneNumber:0"0432384204",_etradeMessageNumber:null,[REDACTED]"881870070"
_eTradeUserID:null]
cy#
```



Runtime Security

```
bitcave:~ root# cycrypt -p 3591
cy# UIApp.delegate.navigationController
"<UINavigationController: 0x23d650>"
cy# var nav = new Instance(0x23d650)
"<UINavigationController: 0x23d650>"
cy# nav.delegate
"<NavigationManager: 0xf615460>"
cy# navman = new Instance(0xf615460)
"<NavigationManager: 0xf615460>"
cy# [ navman dismissPinEntryScreen ]
cy#
```



Runtime Security

```
iPhonetest:~ root# ps aux | grep [REDACTED]
root      3227   0.0  0.0   273928   0 s000  R+   11:56AM   0:00.00 grep [REDACTED]
mobile    3221   0.0  7.2   392716   37044   ??  Ss   11:50AM   0:10.03 /var/mobile/Applications/9383A690-8D94-4BCC-9C7C-BF655A5EB020/[REDACTED]
iPhonetest:~ root# cycript -p 3221
cy# // Jailbreak Detection Working as Normal
cy# [REDACTED] JailbreakDetector sharedInstance
0"<[REDACTED] JailbreakDetector: 0x1d503750>"
cy# var jlb = new Instance(0x1d503750)
0"<[REDACTED] JailbreakDetector: 0x1d503750>"
cy# [jlb isDeviceJailBroken]
1
cy# // Swizzling the isDeviceJailBroken Method
cy# [REDACTED] JailbreakDetector.messages['isDeviceJailBroken'] = function() {return false;}
function () {return false;}
cy# [jlb isDeviceJailBroken]
0
cy# [UIApp.delegate warnUserIfDeviceIsJailbroken] // No longer works
```




Transport Security

Transport security is important for mobile applications as most users will connect their devices to untrusted networks



Transport Security

It is common to find insecurely implemented transport security:

- Lack of SSL certificate validation
- Unencrypted communications (although this is less common)



Transport Security

Often times SSL validation will be a toggle in the application.

This is usually a holdover from development where the development environment does not have valid certs and is typically encapsulated in a variable somewhere.



Transport Security

Sometimes developers will forget to set SSL validation in the final build.

Also, as we saw before, variables are easy to manipulate.



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Examples



Transport Security

```
8798 @interface AppConfiguraton : XXUnknownSuperclass <INCHSHTTPClientConfiguration> {
8799 @private
8800 BOOL _allowInsecureCookieTransport;
8801 NSURL* _companyLogoEndpointURL;
8802 NSURL* _userServicesEndpointURL;
8803 NSURL* _contentServerEndpointURL;
8804 NSURL* _refreshScopeEndpointURL;
8805 NSString* _secureContentBasePath;
8806 NSURL* _loginEndpointURL;
8807 NSURL* _getFileEndpointURL;
8808 NSURL* _endpointURL;
8809 NSURL* _endpointURL;
8810 BOOL _allowUntrustedSSLCertificates;
8811
8812 @property(retain, nonatomic) NSString* secureContentBasePath; // G=0x1f753d; S=0x1f7571;
8813 @property(retain, nonatomic) NSURL* contentServerEndpointURL; // G=0x1f7455; S=0x1f7489;
8814 @property(retain, nonatomic) NSURL* _userServicesEndpointURL; // G=0x1f73e1; S=0x1f7415;
8815 @property(retain, nonatomic) NSURL* companyLogoEndpointURL; // G=0x1f736d; S=0x1f73a1;
8816 @property(assign, nonatomic) BOOL allowInsecureCookieTransport; // G=0x1f7381; S=0x1f7335;
8817 @property(assign, nonatomic) BOOL allowUntrustedSSLCertificates; // G=0x1f7781; S=0x1f77b5;
8818 @property(retain, nonatomic) NSURL* getFileEndpointURL; // G=0x1f7625; S=0x1f7659;
8819 @property(retain, nonatomic) NSURL* refreshScopeEndpointURL; // G=0x1f74c9; S=0x1f74fd;
8820 @property(retain, nonatomic) NSURL* loginEndpointURL; // G=0x1f75b1; S=0x1f75e5;
8821 @property(retain, nonatomic) NSURL* _endpointURL; // G=0x1f7699; S=0x1f76cd;
8822 @property(retain, nonatomic) NSURL* _endpointURL; // G=0x1f778d; S=0x1f7741;
8823 +(id)defaultConfiguration; // 0x1f6949
8824 -(void).cxx_destruct; // 0x1f77ed
8825 -(id)description; // 0x1f6d41
8826 -(BOOL)allowsInsecureTransport; // 0x2da89
8827 -(BOOL)allowsUntrustedCertificates; // 0x2d9cd
8828 -(id)secureCookieTransport; // 0x2d973
8829 -(id)baseURL; // 0x2d95d
8830 @end
```



Transport Security

```
lPhonetest:~ root# cyscript -p 1853
cy# function lvars(a){ var x={}; for(i in *a){ try{ x[i] = (*a)[i]; } catch(e){ } } return x; }
cy# [AppConfiguration defaultConfiguration]
0"<AppConfiguration: 0x1ed069b0>"
cy# config = new Instance(0x1ed069b0)
0"<AppConfiguration: 0x1ed069b0>"
cy# lvars(config)
{isa:0"AppConfiguration", allowInsecureCookieTransport:0, companyLogoEndpointURL:0"
s/UserServices.svc", _contentServerEndpointURL:0"https://
refreshScopeEndpointURL:0
_secureContentBasePath:0"/content/secure", loginEn
dpointURL:0
/Service.svc/GetFile/"EndpointURL:0"http
allowUntrustedSSLCertificates:0}
cy# [config allowInsecureTransport]
0
cy# [config allowUntrustedCertificates]
0
cy# //Set the allowInsecureCookieTransport and allowUntrustedSSLCertificates variables to 1
cy# config.allowInsecureCookieTransport = 1
1
cy# config.allowUntrustedSSLCertificates = 1
1
cy# // Transport security controls now disabled
cy# lvars(config)
{isa:0"AppConfiguration", allowInsecureCookieTransport:1, companyLogoEndpointURL:0"
s/UserServices.svc", _contentServerEndpointURL:0"https://
refreshScopeEndpointURL:0
_secureContentBasePath:0"/content/secure", loginEn
dpointURL:0
/Service.svc/GetFile/"EndpointURL:0"http
allowUntrustedSSLCertificates:1}
cy# [config allowInsecureTransport]
1
cy# [config allowUntrustedCertificates]
1
cy#
```



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Defending Mobile Applications



Defending Mobile Applications

Challenges:

- Devices are easily lost, stolen or compromised
- There are multiple attack vectors outside of your control
- Once the security of the device is compromised all best are off
- Platforms are constantly evolving
- Customers expect rapid iteration
- Developer inexperience with platforms (although this is improving)



Defending Mobile Applications

First of all focus on the basics:

- Define the risk profile of the application
- Secure development practices
- Thorough security testing
- Monitoring and review



Defending Mobile Applications

Effective information security is a process for managing business risk, not a product. Beware of “silver bullet” solutions.

Defending Mobile Applications

The security of your application is **your** responsibility - not Apple, or Google or Microsoft



Defending Mobile Applications

Mobile application security design principles:

- Assume the client is compromised
- Assume the application will connect to untrusted networks
- Assume the underlying operating system is compromised



Defending Mobile Applications

Assume the client is compromised:

- Do not store sensitive information on the device
- Do not implement sensitive functionality in the client – always implement on the server
- Do not trust user input



Defending Mobile Applications

Assume the application will connect to untrusted networks:

- Do not transmit sensitive information unencrypted
- Do not use weak encryption
- Establish and validate certificate chain



Defending Mobile Applications

Assume the underlying operating system is compromised:

- Genuine users will jailbreak their devices
- Attackers will jailbreak target devices
- Do not assume that physical access to the device is necessary for an attacker to compromise the device



Defending Mobile Applications

Assume the underlying operating system is compromised

- Genuine users will jailbreak their devices
- Attackers will jailbreak target devices
- Do not assume that physical access to the device is necessary for an attacker to compromise the device



Defending Mobile Applications

Data Security

- Preference is to not store sensitive data
- Be realistic about requirements to actually store data (remember these devices are always connected)
- Be conscious of inadvertent data leakage by the operating system
- If storing sensitive data – encrypt but be aware of key management difficulties



Defending Mobile Applications

Transport Security

- Encrypt all traffic
- ALWAYS validate certificates
- Certificate pinning
- Be aware of lax controls in development environments filtering through to production
- Do not use weak protocols (SSLv2, BEAST, CRIME etc)



Defending Mobile Applications

Runtime Security

- Don't trust user input
- Although hard to implement consider runtime security mechanisms
 - Anti-debugging
 - Jailbreak detection
 - Tamper response



Defending Mobile Applications

Unfortunately it is impossible to completely secure mobile applications

- Anybody with a copy of the application and a debugger can compromise the security of the application

The aim is to make it significantly harder for the attacker such that the economic benefits of attacking the application are outweighed by the difficulty of the attack.



SecurusGlobal

Questions?